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St. James's, March 30.

THE Corporation of *New-Woodstock* having made Choice of his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough* to be their High Steward, did humbly certify the same to Her Majesty by an Instrument under their Common Seal, in the Words following:

To the QUEEN's *most Excellent Majesty.*

WE *the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council Men, of Your Majesty's Corporation of* New-Woodstock *in the County of* Oxon, *being highly sensible of the great Blessings we enjoy, with the rest of Your People, under Your Majesty's most Auspicious Government, look upon it as our more particular Happiness that this Place is set apart, by Your Majesty's Bounty and Wisdom, as an Acknowledgment of the many great Services performed, for the Glory of this Nation, and the Safety of all* Europe, *by the most Noble* John *Lord Duke of* Marlborough; *Do humbly certify unto Your Majesty, That we have unanimously Elected his Grace to be our High Steward, in the place of* John *Lord* Lovelace *deceased: And do with all Humility pray Your Majesty, That You will be graciously pleased to Approve of and Confirm this our Election, according to the Power reserved unto Your Majesty by our Charter.* In Testimony whereof, we have affixed our Common-Seal, the 28th Day of *February*, in the Third Year of Your Majesty's most gracious Reign.

Which having been presented to Her Majesty, She was graciously pleased to Approve of their Election, and to Confirm it by an Instrument under Her Signet and Sign Manual.

Dublin, March 23. The Commons of this Kingdom having agreed on proper Funds for supplying Her Majesty's Establishment, and dispatched the other Publick Business that lay before them, presented the following Address to his Grace the Duke of *Ormond*, our Lord Lieutenant.

To his Grace James *Duke of* Ormond, *Lord Lieutenant-General, and General-Governor of* Ireland.

The humble Address of the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses, in Parliament assembled.

May it please your Grace,

WE *Her Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons in Parliament assembled, do with great Satisfaction embrace this present Occasion to return our humble and hearty Thanks to your Grace for your signal Care of the Protestant Religion, and Security of the Kingdom.*

Her Majesty's Faithful Commons have agreed on the best and most proper Funds for supplying Her Majesty's Establishment; and had their present Circumstances permitted, they would have made express Provision for the Repairing the necessary Fortifications, and for Arms and Ammunition for the publick Safety.

They beseech your Grace to apply to Her Sacred Majesty, for Her Orders to issue such Sums of Money as may be necessary for such Fortifications, and for a sufficient Supply of Arms and Ammunition, and for such other Sum as Her Majesty shall think fit for Building Barracks in Dublin, *for the better Accommodation of Her Majesty's Troops, and the Ease of the Inhabitants of that City.*

And we pray your Grace to assure Her Majesty on our behalf, That if the Funds already given shall not be sufficient for those Ends, that this House will freely and chearfully make them good to Her Majesty in the next Session of Parliament.

On the 21st Instant both Houses of Parliament, by a Message from his Grace, were adjourned to the First of *May* next.

Venice, March 21. *N. S.* On the 15th Instant our Senate appointed Signior Zane to be their Ambassador at Vienna, in the room of Signior Delfino, who is recalled from that Employment. The Queen Dowager of Poland is gone from Padua to Bologna, in order to her return to Rome; And it is said, the Electress of Bavaria her Daughter will suddenly go back to Munich. The Inhabitants of the Country of Brescia are daily sending up Complaints to the Senate of the Disorders committed by the Forces quartered in those Parts; but we are now in hopes that they will shortly be freed from them, the Count de Leiningen, who commands the Imperial Army on that side, having lately received a considerable Sum of Money to supply his Forces with all Necessaries for their taking the Field, which they have Orders to be in a readiness to do by the latter end of this Month; and they expect about that time to be joined by a Body of 8000 Men of the King of Prussia's Troops, and by other Reinforcements. The Grand Prior fearing lest they should march towards the Ferrarese, and afterwards attempt the Relief of Mirandola, has posted some Troops at Bondeno, and in other Places along the Po, in order to prevent their passing that River; and the Cardinal Legate of Ferrara has sent to Rome for Instructions how to govern himself in case the Imperialists should once again enter into that Province. The French have still several Barks, with Soldiers on board, cruising on the Lake di Guarda, to prevent the sending of Supplies that way from the Trentine to the Quarters of the Imperialists at Salo; yet, notwithstanding all their Vigilance, the latter have lately received 10 large Boats with Recruits, Cloathing, Corn, Wood, Hay, and other Stores, from Riva and Torbole: The French Barks seeing those Boats go in, offered to attack them; but the Imperialists firing upon them with 3 Pieces of Cannon which they had planted along the Shore, soon obliged the Enemy to retire with Loss. There happened some days ago an Action near Girolla between two Parties of the Forces on each side, wherein the French were worsted, and had many of their Men killed, and 33 taken Prisoners. The Germans attempted soon after to surprise a Detachment of 1500 French near Pomponea; but the Enemy having Intelligence of their March, fled from thence towards their head Quarters; however some of the Germans came up with their Rear, killed 40 of them, and took 50 Prisoners. According to our last Advices from Rome, there has happened fresh Matter of Dispute in relation to the Ecclesiastical Immunities between that Court and the Government at Naples, insomuch that the Pope threatens to proceed against the latter by the way of Excommunication. These Letters add, That the Court of Rome began to be in want of Money for the Subsisting of their Forces; to supply which, it was believed they would lay Taxes as well upon Lands and Houses, as upon Salt, Meal, and other Provisions.

Ratisbon, March 26. The Two Prussian Regiments of Horse of Anhalt and Caunitz passed the Danube over our Bridge yesterday, in order to march towards Italy; their Foot has also passed that River for the same purpose, some at this Place, and the rest at Straubingen: These Forces make together a Body of above 8000 Men. The Danish Troops, and the rest of the Succours designed thither, will follow with all possible Expedition The new Fortifications of Munich are demolishing with all diligence; and the Stores which were in the Arsenal of that Town are sent away to Ingolstad and Vienna. Six Imperial Regiments are to continue in Bavaria, to prevent any Insurrection in those